

How to Grow Pak Choi



☎ 888 246 5233
Todd's Seeds, 46495,
Humboldt Dr. Novi, Mi 48377

You Will Need:

- A Raised Bed or Pot/Container,
- Pak Choi/Bok Choy Seeds,
- A Trowel or garden cane,
- Multi-purpose or potting compost,
- Watering can,
- Plant Labels.

Instructions:



1. Refer to your own seed packet or take these instructions as a guide only.
2. Fill up the pot/container with multi-purpose compost. Add some multi-purpose compost to your raised bed and rake level.
3. Use a trowel or garden cane to mark a straight line (a row or trench) into the soil approx 1 inch deep.
4. Water the row lightly.
5. Open the seed packet and sow the seeds thinly if possible (but you can thin later) in the bottom of the 1 inch deep trench.
6. Cover the seed with a sprinkling of compost.
7. Water the compost well.
8. Label the row at both ends.
9. The seeds should not need watering again until they appear above the soil as seedlings. If sowing in pots, check the soil regularly as pots dry out quicker than raised beds.



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How long will it take for seedlings to appear?

1 to 3 weeks depending on weather conditions.

Thinning the Seedlings

When the seedlings have been growing for about a 6 – 8 weeks, they may be growing too close together, therefore you will need to thin (pull out) a few of the seedlings to leave gaps for the seedlings to grow into bigger plants. You can thin as many times as you like, over the course of the plant growing.

If you feel a plant will need more room to grow, before you pull out the plant next to it, double check you do actually want to remove it. Sometimes crops can grow close together, you will just get a reduced size plant as it is competing with others in close proximity.

When the seedlings are young it is worth not thinning too harshly, leave most in place to help for those seedlings you may lose to pest or disease attacks. Then thin the weak seedlings to remove them from your plot to leave the strong growing plants.



Growing Tips

- Pick off any brown or yellow leaves as they appear at the bottom of the plant as these may give shelter and food to slugs and snails.